RECEIVED CENTRACFAX CENTER AUG 1 5 2007

USSN 10/663,450 Page 2

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

The following Listing of Claims will replace all prior listings, and version of claims in the application.

- 1. (Cancelled)
- 2. (**Currently Amended**): A method of increasing the secretion of a heterologous protein in a eukaryotic <u>fungal</u> cell, comprising

inducing an unfolded protein response (UPR) by increasing the presence of a HAC1 UPR-modulating protein in said eukaryotic-fungal cell, comprising transforming the eukaryotic fungal cell with a nucleic acid encoding the <u>a fungal HAC1 UPR-modulating</u> protein comprising a DNA binding domain having at least 90% sequence identity to a DNA binding domain of:

- a) amino acid residues 84 147 of SEQ ID NO: 5;
- b) amino acid residues 53 116 of SEQ ID NO: 6 or
- c) amino acid residues 45 -109 of SEQ ID No:19, and

increasing secretion of the heterologous protein relative to secretion of the heterologous protein in a parental cell.

- 3. (Original): The method of Claim 2 wherein said HAC1 protein is constitutively produced.
- 4. (Cancelled)
- 5. (Original): The method of Claim 2 wherein said HAC1 protein is encoded by a nucleic acid isolated from a cell selected from the group consisting of Aspergillus, Trichoderma, Saccharomyces, Schizosaccharomyces, Kluyveromyces, Pichia, Hansenula, Fusarium, Neurospora, and Penicillium.
- 6. (Original): The method of Claim 2 wherein said HAC1 protein is encoded by a nucleic acid isolated from yeast.
- 7. (Original): The method of Claim 6 wherein said yeast is Saccharomyces cerevisiae.

USSN 10/663,450 Page 3

- 8. (Original): The method of Claim 2 wherein said HAC1 protein is encoded by a nucleic acid isolated from filamentous fungi.
- 9. (Original): The method of Claim 8 wherein said fungi is from Trichoderma.
- 10. (Original): The method of Claim 8 wherein said fungi is Trichoderma reesei.
- 11. (Original): The method of Claim 8 wherein said fungi is from Aspergillus.
- 12. (Original): The method of Claim 8 wherein said fungi is Aspergillus nidulans.
- 13. (Original): The method of Claim 8 wherein said fungi is Aspergillus niger.
- 14- 25. (Cancelled)
- 26. (Currently amended): The method of Claim 2 wherein said eukaryetic fungal cell is selected from the group consisting of Aspergillus spp., Trichoderma spp., Saccharomyces cerevisiae, Schizosaccharomyces pombe, Kluyveromyces ssp., Pichia spp., Hansenula polymorpha, Fusarium spp., Neurospora spp., and Penicillium spp.
- 27. (Currently amended): The method of Claim 2 wherein said eukaryotic fungal cell is a yeast cell.
- 28. (Original): The method of Claim 27 wherein said yeast is Saccharomyces cerevisiae.
- 29. (Currently amended): The method of Claim 2 wherein said oukaryotic fungal cell is a filamentous fungi.
- 30. (Original): The method of Claim 29 wherein said fungi is from Trichoderma.
- 31. (Original): The method of Claim 29 wherein said fungi is Trichoderma reesei.
- 32. (Original): The method of Claim 29 wherein said fungi is from Aspergillus.
- 33. (Original): The method of Claim 29 wherein said fungi is Aspergillus nidulans.
- 34. (Original): The method of Claim 29 wherein said fungi is Aspergillus niger.

USSN 10/663,450 Page 4

35-82. (Cancelled)

- 83. (Withdrawn and amended) A <u>fungal</u> cell containing a heterologous nucleic acid encoding a yeast or filamentous fungi protein having unfolded protein response modulating activity and a heterologous nucleic acid encoding a protein of interest to be secreted.
- 84. (Withdrawn): The cell of Claim 83 wherein said protein having unfolded protein response modulating activity is a fungal HAC1.
- 85. (Withdrawn): The cell of Claim 83 wherein said protein of interest is selected from the group consisting of lipase, cellulase, endo-glucosidase H, protease, carbohydrase, reductase, oxidase, isomerase, transferase, kinase, phosphatase, alpha-amylase, glucoamylase, ligtnocellulose hemicellulase, pectinase and ligninase.
- 86. (Cancelled)
- 87. (Withdrawn): The cell of Claim 83 wherein said protein having unfolded protein response modulating activity is a yeast HAC1.
- 88. (Cancelled):
- 89. (Previously presented): The method of Claim 2 wherein said UPR-modulating protein comprises a DNA binding domain that has at least 90% identity to the DNA binding domain of a) amino acid residues 84 147 of SEQ ID NO: 5 or b) amino acid residues 53 116 of SEQ ID NO: 6.
- 90. (Currently amended): The method of Claim 2 wherein said UPR-modulating protein comprises a DNA binding domain that has at least 95% identity to the DNA binding domain of a) amino acid residues 84 147 of SEQ ID No: 5 or b) amino acid residues 53 116 of SEQ ID No: 6 or c) amino acid residues 45 [[116]]109 of SEQ ID No:19.
- 91. (Previously presented): The method of Claim 2 wherein said UPR-modulating protein comprises a DNA binding domain having the DNA binding domain of amino acid residue positions 84 to 147 of SEQ ID NO: 5.

USSN 10/663,450 Page 5

- 92. (Previously presented): The method of Claim 2 wherein said UPR-modulating protein comprises a DNA binding domain having the DNA binding domain of amino acid residue positions of 53 to 116 of SEQ ID NO: 6.
- 93. (Previously presented): The method of Claim 2, wherein said heterologous protein is selected from the group consisting of lipases, cellulases, endo-glucosidase H, proteases, carbohydrases, reductases, oxidases, isomerases, transferases, kinases, phosphatases, alpha-amylases, glucoamylases, hemicellulases, pectinases and ligninases.
- 94. (Previously presented): The method of Claim 93, wherein the heterologous protein is a protease, cellulase, glucoamylase or alpha amylase.
- 95. (Currently amended): The method of Claim 2, wherein the eukaryotic fungal cell is a *Trichoderma* or *Aspergillus* fungal cell, the UPR-modulating protein comprising a DNA binding domain has at least 90% sequence identity to the DNA binding domain of a) amino acid residues 84 147 of SEQ ID NO: 5 or b) amino acid residues 53 116 of SEQ ID NO: 6 and the heterologous protein is selected from the group consisting of proteases, cellulases, glucoamylases, and alpha amylases and combination thereof.
- 96. (Currently amended): The method of Claim 95, wherein the eukaryetic <u>fungal</u> cell is a Trichoderma cell and the UPR-modulating protein comprises a DNA binding domain that has at least 95% sequence identity to the DNA binding domain of a) amino acid residues 84 147 of SEQ ID NO: 5 or b) amino acid residues 53 116 of SEQ ID NO: 6.
- 97. (Currently amended): The method of Claim 95, wherein the eukaryotic fungal cell is an Aspergillus cell and the UPR-modulating protein comprises a DNA binding domain that has at least 95% sequence similarity to the DNA binding domain of a) amino acid residues 84 147 of SEQ ID NO: 5; b) amino acid residues 53 116 of SEQ ID NO: 6.
- 98. (Previously presented): The method of Claim 2, further comprising a promoter operably linked to the nucleic acid encoding the HAC1 UPR-modulating protein, said promoter selected from the group consisting of cbh1, gpdA, adh1 and pgk1.